



Evaluate an existing business opportunity

Buying an existing business may be a viable option for anyone who wants to run a business but doesn't have their own business idea. It is advisable to carry out a considerable amount of research into the business you are looking to buy; to make sure you can make it a success. This includes learning about the matters that make buying an existing business different from starting a business from scratch.

This involves:

- deciding what you want to gain from the business
- 2. researching and understanding the nature of the business you are looking to purchase
- 3. assessing the value of the business
- assessing all the costs involved in the purchase of an existing business
- 5. understanding your legal responsibilities

What you need to do

- consider the type of business you want to purchase and the business sector you want to join
- · consider what skills, assets and investment you can bring to a business
- decide what you want to get out of the business
- identify a number of suitable business options and assess the strengths and weaknesses of each of the potential options
- investigate why the current business owner is selling the business
- evaluate whether you are the right person to take on the business
- · assess the financial health, and potential for growth of the business
- consider the value of the intangible assets of the business
- seek advice from appropriate professionals to help you negotiate arrangements that are based on an appropriate valuation of the business
- make detailed records of all contract negotiations
- understand your commitments to any existing employees and their value to the future of the business
- take into account your responsibilities to begin due diligence, and consider taking assistance to help you identify risk areas





- make sure you understand all the conditions of sale, including existing obligations, and that you
 are in a position to meet them
- seek legal and other professional advice before signing contracts, leases and other legally binding documents
- do not allow yourself to be hurried into making a purchase before you have all the information you need, and decide it is what you want
- make sure you consult any employees and employee representatives about changes you plan to make

What you need to know and understand

Business focus

- · what type of business you want to buy
- where to find information about the business sector you want to join. (For example, market trends, competition, and issues and opportunities the sector is facing)
- how to value intangible assets of the business such as reputation, relationship with suppliers and goodwill of customers. (For example reputation, relationship with suppliers and goodwill of customers.)
- how to assess the value of existing employees to the business

Yourself

- what assets you can bring to the business that will be of value including an existing customer base.
 (For example investment, existing customer base and relevant skills.)
- your motives for wanting to own a business. (For example make more money, be your own boss, or spend more time doing the things you enjoy.)
- your own strengths and weaknesses as a potential business owner and how these may affect the type of business you seek to purchase





Buying a business

- how to assess the strengths and weaknesses of potential business options including any
 responsibilities or liabilities you will inherit from the previous owner. (For example location, cost,
 projected income, investment required, existing staff, and responsibilities or liabilities you will
 inherit from the previous owner.)
- · why the current owner is selling and how that may influence your decision to buy
- the additional costs that will be incurred if you decide to buy the business. (For example, legal
 costs, repairs to premises or new equipment required.)
- how and when to consult with existing employees about your future plans
- what Transfer of Undertakings and Protection of Employment (TUPE) Regulations are and how they might affect your future plans
- · what due diligence entails and where to get assistance to manage the process
- the conditions of sale and all your contractual responsibilities. (For example verification of financial statements and transfer of leases, existing contracts and licences and for the financial liabilities of the business)

Information and advice

- where to get advice on assessing the value of a business and its potential for growth. (For example, business advisers, property advisers, accountants, valuation experts and solicitors.)
- what assistance you will need to negotiate contracts